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SEC. 4. That there shall be included therewith, and removed as garbage, ashes, in cans, paper, bottles, crockery, rubbish, cellar accumulations, glass, spouting, old tin, small brush, grass and weeds from residence lots when placed in the alleys, building materials, from construction or repair of a building or other improvement to amount of one-fourth of one load from any one place, manure from the fire engine houses, patrol barn and other city premises.

SEC. 5. That the board of health may make such rules and regulations as to them may seem wise or necessary to properly carry on such work, and they may do all things required to fully carry into effect the intent and purpose of this ordinance.

SEC. 6. All ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

SEC. 7. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and approval. [Ordinance adopted Aug. 5, 1911.]

BRADDOCK, PA.

HOGS—KEEPING OF, WITHIN BOROUGH.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the town council of the borough of North Braddock, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, that the keeping of hogs within the limits of said borough be and the same is hereby declared to be a public nuisance, and is hereby prohibited.

SEC. 2. Any person or persons, firm or corporation maintaining such nuisance shall upon conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a penalty of not less than \$1 nor more than \$20 and costs of suit. [Ordinance adopted July 7, 1911.]

BROOKLINE, MASS.

COMMUNICABLE DISEASES—PLACARDING, SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OF CASES AND CONTACTS—NOTIFICATION OF REMOVAL OF CASES OF TUBERCULOSIS—DISINFECTION.

Article 1. Communicable diseases.

SEC. 1. (a) No child shall be allowed to attend school from any household in which there is or has been a case of scarlet fever, for a period of six weeks from the commencement of the last case in the household and until a certificate has been presented from the attending physician, the board of health or its agent, that all danger of conveying the disease by such child is passed. (See section D.)

(b) No child who has visited a house in which there was at the time a case of scarlet fever shall attend school until the expiration of two weeks following exposure, unless he has already had that disease, except by special permit from the agent of the board of health. (See Section D.)

(c) No child who has diphtheria shall be allowed to attend school for a period of one week from the date of the second successive negative bacteriological culture from both nose and throat and until a certificate has been presented from the attending physician that all danger of conveying the disease by such child is passed; and that no well child be allowed to attend school from any household in which there is or has been a case of diphtheria until the same precautions have been taken, with the exception that but one negative bacteriological culture, from both nose and throat, is required. (See Sec. D.)

(d) The agent of the board of health may, if circumstances warrant (for example, removal of the patient to hospital), give to children not infected in a household in which there is or has been scarlet fever or diphtheria, a special permit to return to school as soon as he considers it safe for them to do so.

(e) No child from any house where there is a case of scarlet fever or diphtheria shall be allowed to mingle with persons from any other house until after the removal, recovery, or death of the patient and the disinfection of the premises.

(f) Every house infected with diphtheria, scarlet fever, or smallpox shall have affixed on or near the front and rear doors a card, furnished by the board of health, stating the disease to be avoided; and any unauthorized person removing such a card shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars.

SEC. 2. No child who has chickenpox shall be allowed to attend school until a period of two weeks has elapsed from the first appearance of the eruption and all scabs have disappeared.

SEC. 3. No child who has German measles shall be allowed to attend school until a period of one week has elapsed from the first appearance of the eruption.

SEC. 4. (a) No child ill with tuberculosis, who is a menace to the health of others, shall be allowed to continue in school.